

FEMA Region 04 UAS Strategy





FEMA Region IV UAS Working Groups



AL UAS WG Kickoff - Huntsville, AL December 11, 2017



NC UAS Workshop - Nags Head, NC April 19, 2018



NC UAS WG Kickoff - Wanchese, NC April 20, 2018



GA UAS WG Kickoff - GPTSC June 18, 2018



FL UAS WG Kickoff - Tallahassee, FL August 3, 2018



SC UAS WG Kickoff– SC EOC August 28, 2018

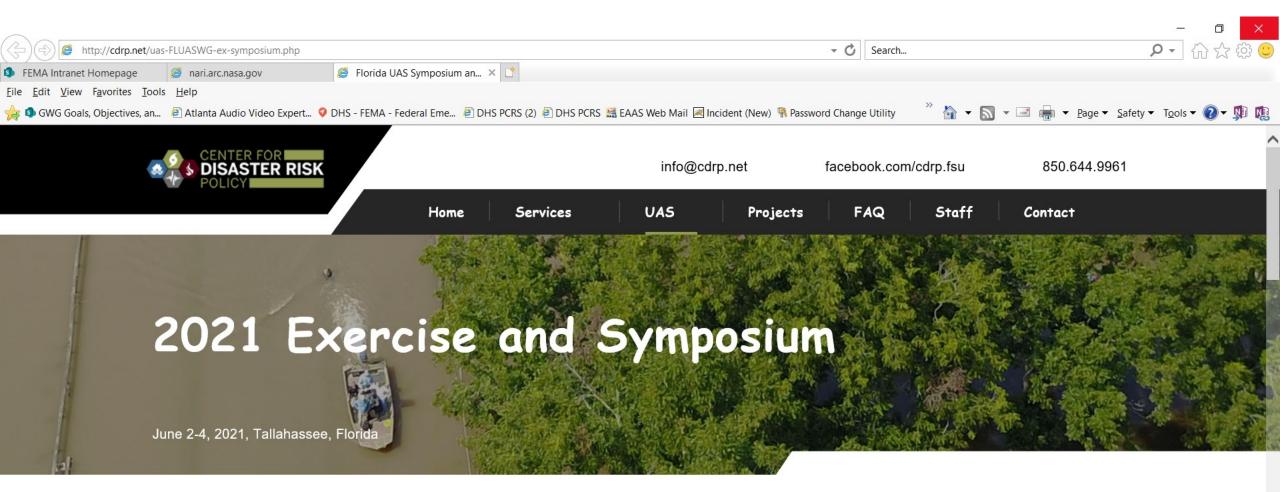
FEMA Region IV UAS Working Group Exercises



AL UAS WG Rodeo – October 28, 2019



GA UAS WG Exercise – November 28, 2019



UAS SYMPOSIUM AND FULL-SCALE EXERCISE TALLAHASSEE, FL - JUNE 2-4, 2021

This three day event will bring together UAS programs from around the state and region to participate in a one day workshop on UAS practices in emergency management and public safety as well as a two day full-scale exercise. Agencies can participate in either or both events.



PDA Pocket Guide May 2020



FACT SHEET

Preliminary Damage Assessment Guide 2020 Summary of Changes

On May 8, 2020, FEMA released its <u>Preliminary Damage Assessment Guide</u> (PDA Guide), the update to the 2016 Damage Assessment Operations Manual. The purpose of the PDA Guide and its accompanying <u>PDA</u> <u>Pocket Guide</u> is to define a standard national-level framework for how state, local, tribal, and territorial (SLTT) governments and FEMA staff collect and validate the cause, location, and details of damage following a disaster. Guidance in the PDA Guide will go into effect on June 8, 2020. This document highlights key changes between the process laid out in the PDA Guide compared to the earlier guidance.

Background

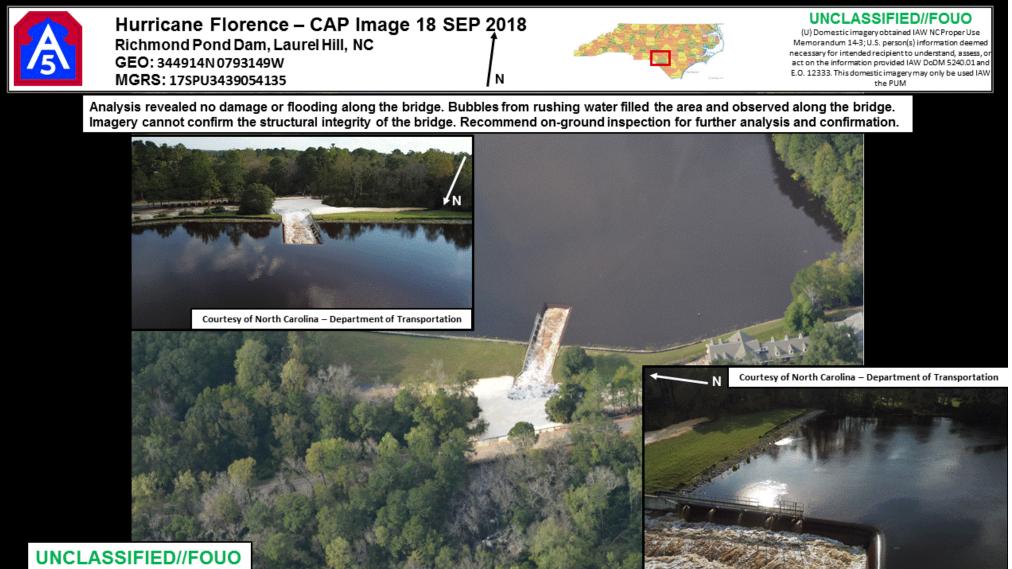
A Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) is the mechanism SLTT governments and FEMA use to determine the impact and magnitude of damage following a disaster and the resulting unmet needs to individuals, businesses, the public sector, and communities. The primary objective of the PDA is to collect information, conduct analysis, and provide situational awareness to state, territorial, or tribal government leaders to determine whether the impacts of a disaster warrant a disaster declaration request under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 5121 et seq.).

Summary of Changes

1. Inclusion of Desktop Assessments as a Possible Methodology for Public Assistance PDAs

Visual confirmation of damage by FEMA does not necessarily need to be in-person. When a SLTT government has the capability to participate in a desktop assessment, it can submit Initial Damage Assessments (IDAs) to FEMA with documentation, including photographs, that allow FEMA to validate information remotely. The concept of operations for these desktop assessment PDAs will differ slightly from the normal process. For example, there will be more coordination submitted by SLTTs to FEMA for review (remote validation) by a PDA Validator and team.

NGB UPAD Analysis Product





FEMA R-IVLocation:Remote Sensing Cell31.5868 -89.753Jefferson Davis County, MS

DOI: 13 April 2020

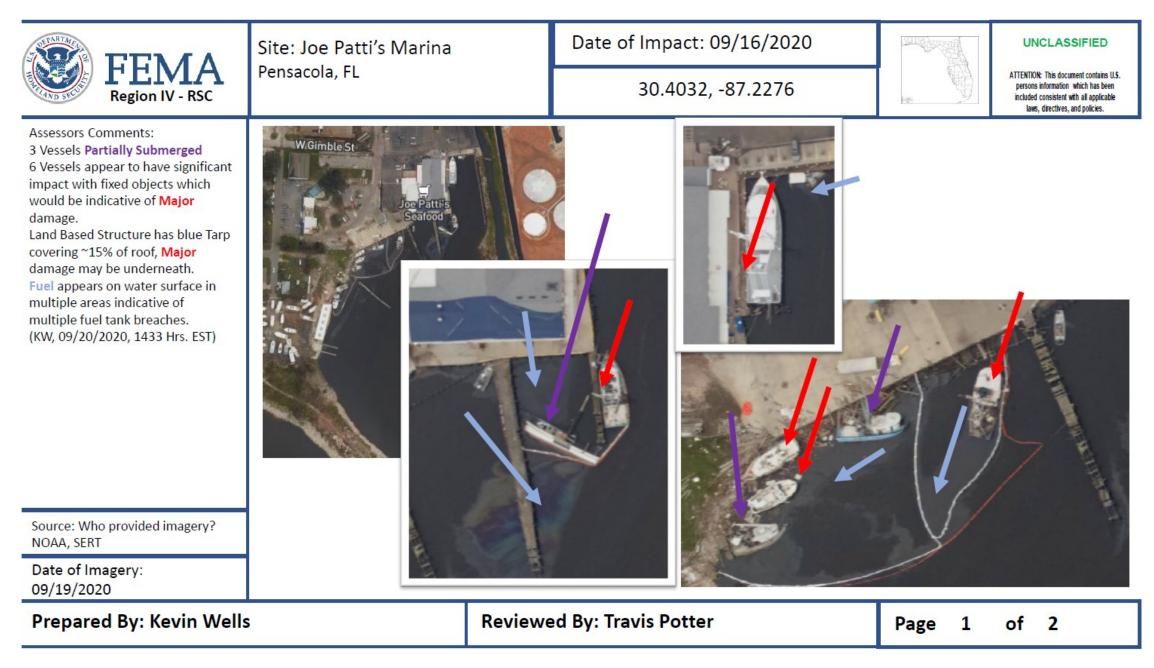


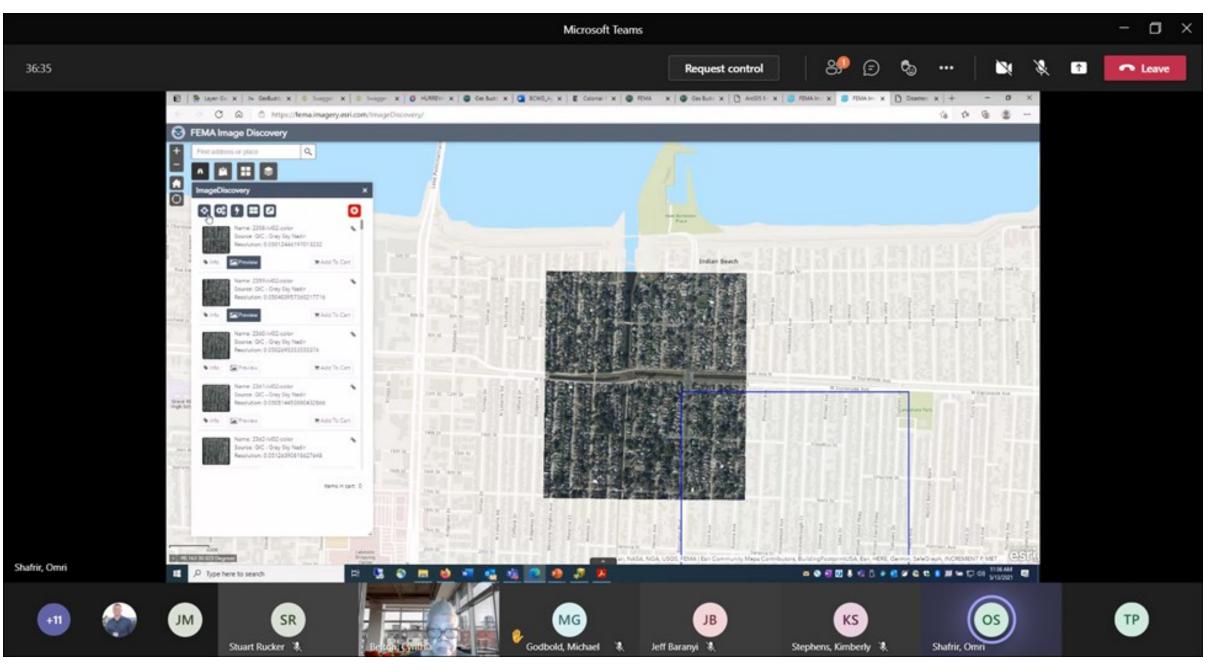
ATTENTION: This document contains U.S. persons information which has been included consistent with all applicable laws, directives, and policies.

Source: MEMA UAS



Assessor Comment:0020 Referencing the criteria from the FEMA Damage Classification Charts 2014. **Destroyed Structures - 4 -**No erect walls. Structures reduced to debris. Major damage 2 structures - roof and walls compromised. Unable to zoom in closer for better look. Significant damage - 1 Structure exposed attic in less than 10% of roof space. Ingress and egress routes clear. (Wells 15 April 2020).







The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) led by my Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) Integration Office Research, Engineering, and Analysis Division is forming a Peer Review Panel to provide independent assessment and expert guidance for a new FAA research project: UAS Disaster Preparedness and Emergency Response. Under Section 359 of H.R. 302 (P.L. 115-254), the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 and recent appropriations, the FAA is congressionally mandated to conduct this research. The goal of this research is to develop a safe, effective, and standardized approach to inform policies, procedures, guidelines, and best practices for UAS operations in response to disasters and emergencies. Additionally, this research is intended to inform how the use of UAS during these events can be optimized in order to aid the public and ultimately increase public safety.

The FAA's Center of Excellence for UAS Research Alliance for System Safety of UAS through Research Excellence Phase I - Preparation for Disaster Preparedness and Response using UAS in the NAS with Coordination Across First Responders Technical Interchange Meetings (TIM)













Scalable Traffic Management for Emergency Response Operations (STEReO)

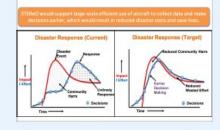


Overview/Description

Feasibility Assessment

Current-day emergency response operations require extensive manual coordination among a wide coalition of agencies, often under adverse conditions, leaving challenges to timely deployments and the sharing of gathered data needed for decision-making. With today's operating constraints and procedures, UAS vehicles are not able to participate much, even though they could be a great asset.

STEReO brings the latest advancements in UAS vehicle autonomy, resilient communications concepts, and UTM services, which will improve disaster response times, enable large-scale aircraft operations, improve operator awareness, and demonstrate safety and resiliency in these environments.







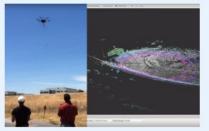


 Improve efficiency and timeliness of the response and recovery phases of a disaster, resulting in substantial reductions to community harm

 Accelerate NASA's development of high-density resilient operations, benefitting other projects relying on increasing levels of autonomy and connectivity

- Safe scalability of airspace operations
- Advance the state-of-the-art in onboard automation, making integration of UAS vehicles into emergency response operations possible
 Enable the distribution of collected remote-sensing data to support better, more responsive decisionmaking by operators, and improved collaboration between operators





NASA Ames - UTM Architecture, On-board Autonomy, Health

prognostics Service, Separation Service, UAS

Partners

NASA

- NASA Langley Safe2Ditch, V2V, UAS
- NASA Glenn Resilient communications
- Airmap UTM Services
- DHS-FEMA Domain Subject Matter Expertise
- DOI Domain Subject Matter Expertise
- MPFD & LAFD Domain Subject Matter Expertise
- CalOES Domain Subject Matter Expertise

Recent Results / Status

- Formulating detailed execution plans; identifying specific barriers/opportunities that will increase our outcomes
- Strengthening partnerships; pursuing private sector technologies, local/state/federal emergency response organizations, and inter-agency collaborations
- · Planning stakeholder workshop
- Invited to present the STEReO concept at the Tactical Fire Remote Sensing Advisory Committee (TFRSAC) meeting

Next Steps

- · Conops development
- Stakeholder workshop
- Initial airborne assessment
- Tabletop exercise and simulation
- · Wildfire flight demonstration
- Simulation of hurricane use-case
- · Concepts and requirements document

Publications

· coming soon...

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Fiscal Year 2021 Continuing Training Grants (Federal Aviation Administration Center of Excellence Unmanned Aircraft Systems)

The National Training and Education Division (NTED) Fiscal Year 2021 (FY21) Continuing Training Grants (CTG) includes the following appropriations language "\$2,000,000 for FEMA to partner with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Unmanned Aircraft Center of Excellence to conduct a regional training program for SLTT responders in using UAS for disaster preparedness and response"